

|  | Profit \& Loss Appropriation A/c |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Particulars | Amount |  |  | Particulars |

## To Profit Transferred :

Simran Current A/c 168000

| Reema Current A/c | 112000 | 280000 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\underline{300000}$ |  |
| Total | 300000 |  |

## Note :

Interest on capital and profit will be transferred to partners current $A / c$ as fixed capital system is followed

## Description

Capital as on 31-Mar-2021 (Opening)
Interest @ 10\%
500000400000
5000040000

Interest on Capital A/c Dr.. 90000
To Anita Current A/c 50000
To Ankita Current A/c 40000
(Interest on Capital)

Profit \& Loss Appropriation A/c Dr.. 90000
To Interest on Capital A/c 90000
(Interest on Capital)

Note : The capital balance as on 31-Mar-2021 is given and Interest to be calculated for year ended 31-Mar-2022
So the capital balance as on 31-Mar-2021 is the opening capital on which interest to be calculated

| Description |  | Ashish | Aakash |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital as on 31-Mar-2022 (Closing) |  | 500000 | 600000 |
| Add - Drawings |  | 150000 | 100000 |
| Opening Capital |  | 650000 | 700000 |
| Calculation of interest on capital |  |  |  |
| Interest @ 10\% |  | 65000 | 70000 |
| Interest on Capital A/c Dr.. | 135000 |  |  |
| To Ashish Current A/c |  | 65000 |  |
| To Aakash Current A/c |  | 70000 |  |
| (Interest on Capital) |  |  |  |
| Profit \& Loss Appropriation A/c Dr.. | 135000 |  |  |
| To Interest on Capital A/c |  | 135000 |  |
| (Interest on Capital) |  |  |  |

## Alternately one single entry can be passed

Note:Capital given in question is only after drawings. Int on capital and profits are not yet adjusted as per language

|  | Profit \& Loss Appropriation A/c |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Particulars | Amount |  | Particulars | Amount |
| To Interest on Capital |  |  | By Net profit | 500000 |
| Ashish | 65000 |  |  |  |
| Aakash | 70000 | 135000 |  |  |

## To Profit Transferred :



In this question nothing is mentioned whether fixed or fluctuating method is followed
In the absence of instructions fluctuating methos is considered

## Calculation of opening capital

| Description | Naresh | Sukesh |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: |
| Closing Balance | 300000 | 300000 |  |
| Add - Drawings against capital | 50000 |  |  |
| Add - Drawings against Profits | 100000 | 100000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Opening Capital | 450000 | 400000 |  |

## Calculation of interest on capital

## Naresh

| Date | Amount | Period | Rate |  | Interest |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 01-Apr-21 | 450000 | 6 | $10 \%$ | 22500 |  |  |
| 01-Oct-21 | 400000 | 6 | $10 \%$ | 20000 |  |  |
|  | Total |  |  |  | 42500 |  |

## Sukesh

Date Amount Period Rate Interest
Total 40000

## Journal Entries



## Note:

Partners profit sharing ratio is assumed to be equal

## Concept :

Fixed or fluctuating capital method decides where you write the transactions.
So under fixed capital method opening capital, any additional capital, drawings against capital are written on capital $A / c$. All the rest of the trasnactions are written in current account But if fluctuating capital method is followed then all transactions are written in capital A/c

Whereas

Drawings against capital and drawings against profits decides on which amount the interest on capital is paid So while calculaitng interest on capital drawings against capital is subtracted but drawings against profit is not subtracted

In this question the total Interest on Capital > Available profits So profits distributed in the ratio of interest on Capital

| Profit \& Loss Appropriation A/c |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars |  | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| To Interest on Capital |  |  | By Net profit | 7800 |
| Jay | 4800 |  |  |  |
| Vijay | 3000 | 7800 |  |  |
| Total |  | 7800 | Total | 7800 |

## Working Note :

## Calculation of Interest on capital

| Description | Jay | Vijay |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Capital Contribution | 80000 | 50000 |
| Interest @ 9\% pa | 7200 | 4500 |
|  |  |  |
| Total Interest on capital | 11700 |  |
| Profit for the year | 7800 |  |

Here the profits for the year < total appropriations (i.e. interest on capital)
So profit will be distributed in the ratio of total appropriations and not in profit sharing ratio

Calculation of ratio of total appropriations

Total Interest on capital
Ratio
Thus profits will be distributed in the ratio of Jay: Vijay $=8: 5$

Distribution of profits

## Description <br> Closing Balance <br> Add - Drawings <br> Balance opening capital (Inc Interest + Profit share) <br> Less - Profit share (Working Note) <br> Balance opening capital (Inc Interest) <br> Opening Capital (without Interest)

## Working Note :

Calculation of Profit share
Total openig capital (Inc Interest + Profit share) 360000

Less - Profit during the year (Inc Interest)

Total Opening Capital (Exc int and profit share)

Total Interest on Capital @ 10\%

## Now

Total Profits during the year

27000
90000

270000

A B Total
160000140000300000
300003000060000
190000170000360000

37800
25200
63000

152200144800
138364131636

| Less - Interest on Capital | 27000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Divisible Profits | 63000 |
|  |  |
| A's share | 37800 |
| B's share | 25200 |

## Calculation of Interest on Capital

Let the opening capital be Rs 100
Then Interest on Capital will be Rs 10
Then Opening capital before Interest will be Rs 110
Now, if Opening Capital with interest is Rs 110 then Opening capital without interest is Rs 100
If it is Rs 1 then opening capital without interest is Rs 100 / 110
If it is Rs AAAAA then opening capital without interest is ( $100 / 110 \times$ AAAAA)

In this question lot of information is given which is not relevant
When we see the balance sheet it shows that fixed capital method is followed
So ignore everything else and simply calculate interest on capital at the given rate

| Description | Neelkant | Mahadev |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital Balance | 1000000 | 1000000 |
| Interest @ 5\% | 50000 | 50000 |


| Description | Long | Short |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Closing Balance | 120000 | 140000 |  |
| Add - Drawings | 40000 | 50000 |  |
| Less - Share of Profit | 25000 | 25000 |  |
| Opening Balance | 135000 | 165000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Interest on Capital @ 8\% | 10800 | 13200 |  |

Amit

| Date | Amount | Period | Rate |  | Interest |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 01-Apr-21 | 1500000 | 6 | $8 \%$ | 60000 | $1500000 \times 8 / 100 \times 6 / 12$ |
| 01-Oct-21 | 1200000 | 6 | $8 \%$ | 48000 | $1200000 \times 8 / 100 \times 6 / 12$ |

Bramit

| Date | Amount | Period | Rate |  | Interest |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | :---: |
| 01-Apr-21 | 900000 | 6 | $8 \%$ | 36000 | $900000 \times 8 / 100 \times 6 / 12$ |  |
| 01-Oct-21 | 1200000 | 6 | $8 \%$ | 48000 | $1200000 \times 8 / 100 \times 6 / 12$ |  |

## Description

Moli Bholi Total

Capital
Interest @ 6\%
Ratio

| 20000 | 10000 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1200 | 600 | 1800 |
| 2 | 1 | 3 |

Interest on Capital provided

|  | In this case Total Interest > available profits so profits distributed in the ratio of interest on capital Rs 1500 distributed in the ratio of 2:1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ii) | Total Profits available |  |  |  | 1500 |
|  | Less - Interest on Capital as a charge |  |  |  | 1800 |
|  | Balance Loss |  |  |  | 300 |
|  | Description | Moli | Bholi |  |  |
|  | Interest on Capital | 1000 |  | 500 |  |
|  | Less - Share in Loss (2:3) | 120 |  | 180 | the no |

